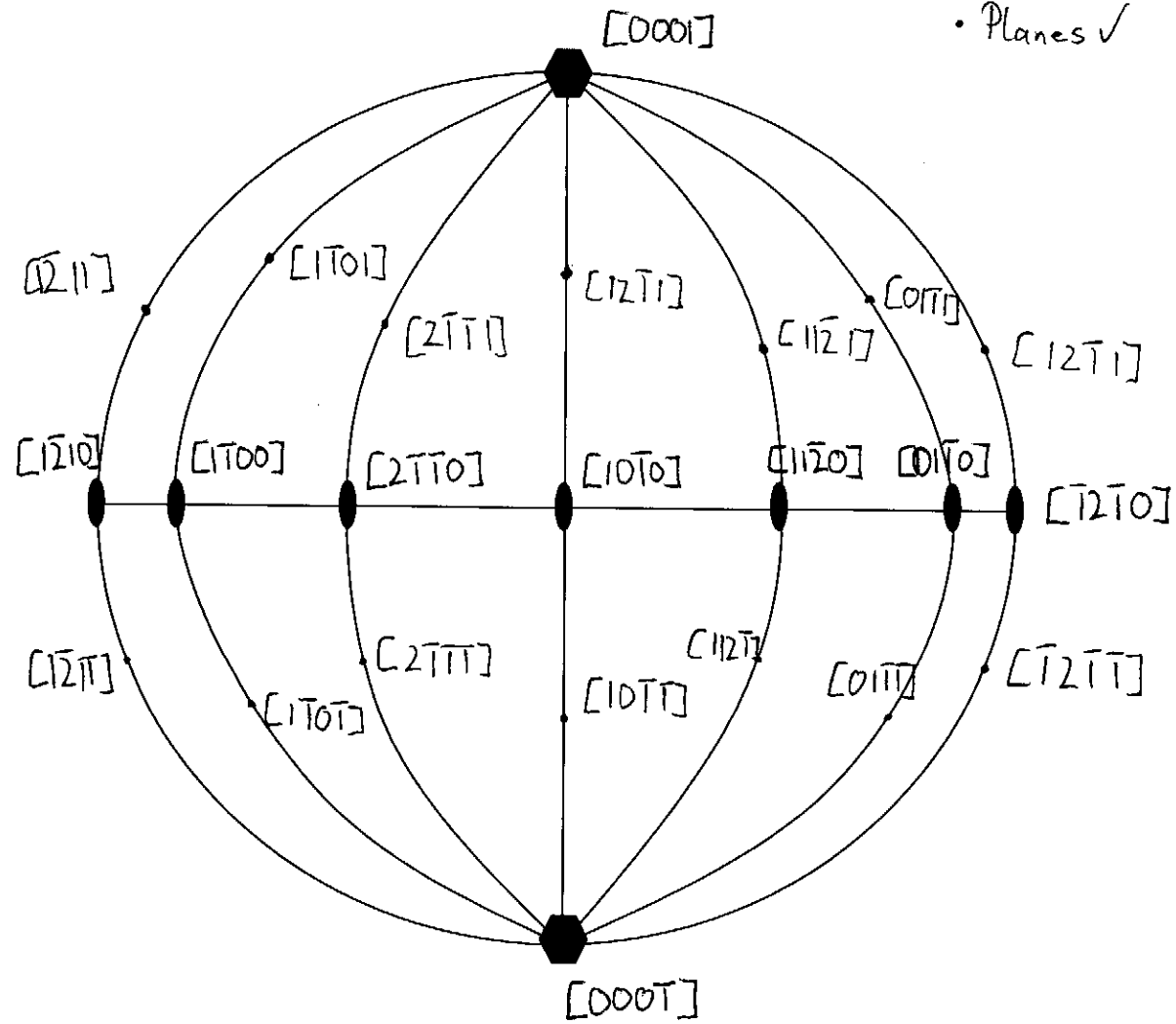


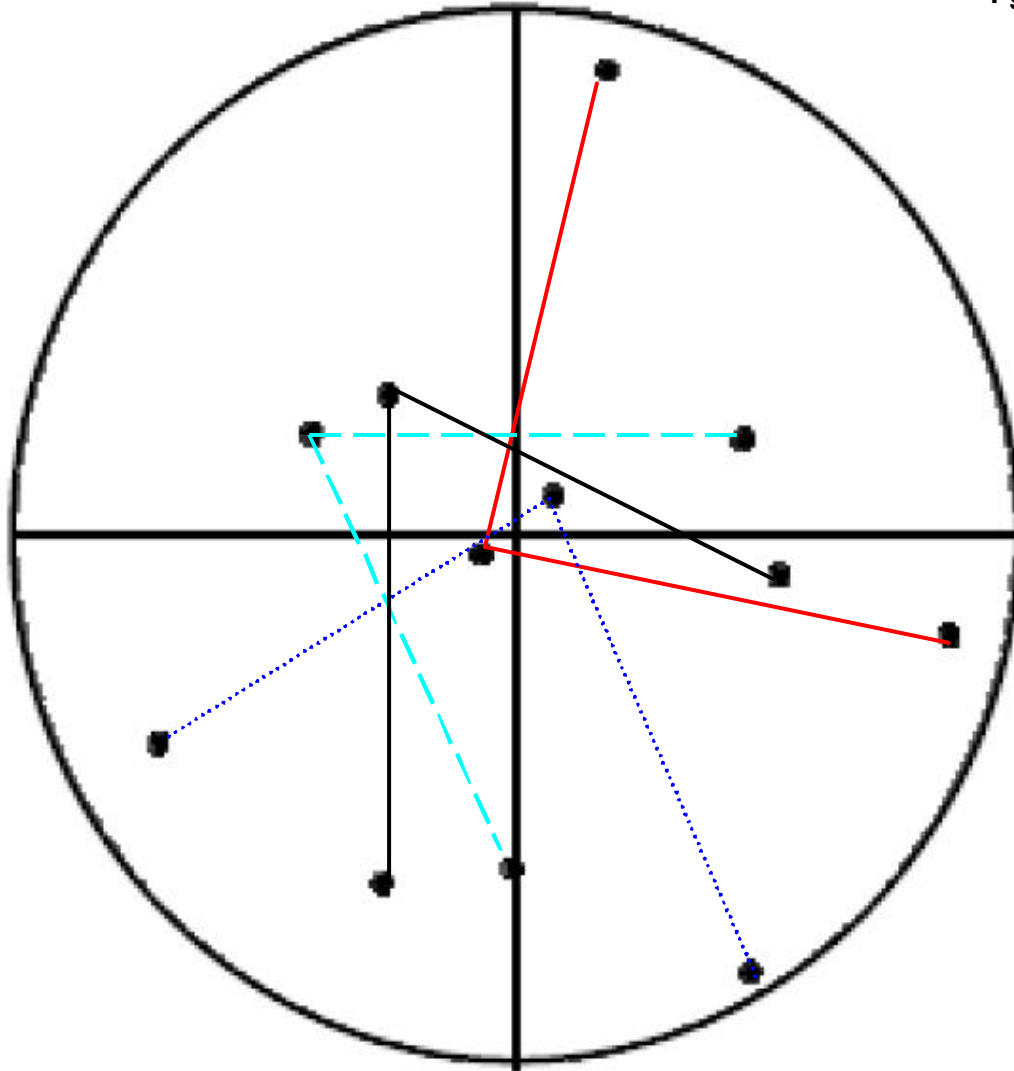
Problem #1:

- Symmetries ✓
- Labels ✓
- Planes ✓



Problem #3:

- 4 grains ✓



Problem #4:

$$\gamma = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi r}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi \gamma}$$

$$\gamma_{\text{crit}} = 2 \text{ MPa}$$

| | AL | Au |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| μ/GPa | 25 | 27 |
| b/nm | 0.283 | 0.288 |

$$\Rightarrow \text{AL: } \Gamma_{\text{crit}} = \frac{25 \cdot 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2 \cdot 0.283 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}}{2\pi \cdot 2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2} = 0.56 \mu\text{m} = 1.98 \cdot 10^3 b$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Au: } \Gamma_{\text{crit}} = \frac{27 \cdot 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2 \cdot 0.288 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}}{2\pi \cdot 2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2} = 0.62 \mu\text{m} = 2.15 \cdot 10^3 b$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{crit,Au}} > \Gamma_{\text{crit,AL}}$$

- equation ✓
- find properties ✓
- calculate Γ_{crit} and conclusion ✓

Problem #5:

- a) - no change in distance since stress field is the same
 - parallel screws \rightarrow repel \rightarrow 2nd screw moves in same direction
 - antiparallel attract \rightarrow 2nd screw moves in opposite direction \rightarrow annihilation

b)

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{\mu b x}{2\pi(1-\nu)} \frac{(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \quad y = 0 \text{ same plane}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{\mu b x x^2}{2\pi(1-\nu)x^4} = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi(1-\nu)x} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi(1-\nu)\tau_{xy}}$$

| | Al | Au |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| μ/GPa | 25 | 27 |
| b/nm | 0.283 | 0.288 |
| ν | 0.35 | 0.42 |

$$\Rightarrow \text{Al: } x = \frac{25 \cdot 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2 \cdot 0.283 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}}{2\pi(1-0.35) \cdot 2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2} = 6.1 \cdot 10^3 \text{ b}$$

$$= 1.7 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Au: } x = \frac{27 \cdot 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2 \cdot 0.288 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}}{2\pi(1-0.42) \cdot 2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2} = 6.6 \cdot 10^3 \text{ b}$$

$$= 1.9 \mu\text{m}$$

$x \approx 3-4 r_{\text{crit}} \Rightarrow$ edge bigger stress field than screw

- c) edge and screw have complimentary stress fields \rightarrow edge not moved by screw

- discussion of effects in a) \checkmark
- comparison screw edge \checkmark
- complimentary stress fields \checkmark

Problem #6:

- Decompose \vec{b} into screw and edge as a function of the rotation angle of the loop

$$\vec{b} = \vec{b}_{\text{screw}} + \vec{b}_{\text{edge}}$$

$$\Rightarrow b_{\parallel} = |\vec{b}| \cos \theta \hat{=} \text{screw}$$

$$b_{\perp} = |\vec{b}| \sin \theta \hat{=} \text{edge}$$

$$dE_{\text{screw}} = \mu |\vec{b}_{\text{screw}}|^2 dL \Rightarrow dE_{\text{screw}} = \mu (|\vec{b}| \cos \theta)^2 r d\theta$$

$dL = r d\theta$

$$E_{\text{screw}} = \int_0^{2\pi} \mu b^2 \cos^2 \theta r d\theta = \mu b^2 r \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$= \mu b^2 r \left[\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \mu b^2 r \pi$$

$$\left[\frac{N/m^2 \cdot m^2 \cdot m}{1} = Nm = J \right] \checkmark$$

$$E_{\text{edge}} = \dots = \frac{\mu b^2 r}{1-\nu} \cdot \pi$$

$$E_{\text{tot}} = E_{\text{edge}} + E_{\text{screw}} = \pi \mu b^2 r \frac{2-\nu}{1-\nu}$$

- Decomposition of \vec{b} ✓
- Integral + Equations ✓
- total Energy of screw ✓

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