

6.772 Compound Semiconductor Materials  
and Devices

# Conducting Polymeric Materials as They Pertain to Supercapacitors

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## Presentation Outline

- Uses of Conducting Polymers
- Overview of Supercapacitors Technology
- Activated Carbon (AC) Supercapacitors
- Electrically Conducting Polymer (ECP) Supercapacitors
- Hybrid Supercapacitors
- Reference List

# Uses of Conducting Polymers

- Light emitting diodes (LEDs)
- Laser materials
- Photoconducting devices
- Electrochromic cells and displays
- Solar cells
  - Photovoltaic and photoelectrochemical
- Energy storage applications
  - Solid-state rechargeable batteries
  - Supercapacitors

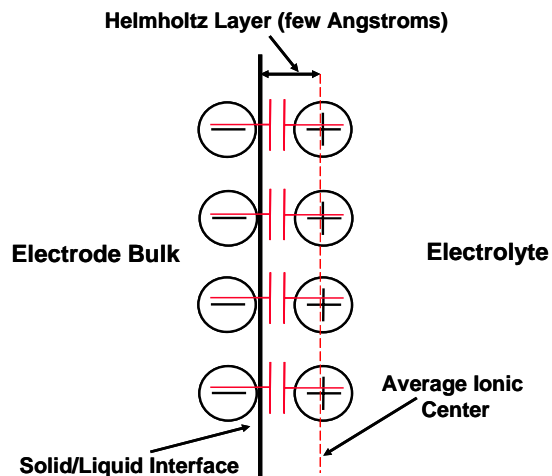
# Overview of Supercapacitors Technology

- Very high capacitance per unit volume and weight
- Low voltage devices ( $\sim 3\text{V}$ )
- Superior charging/discharging efficiency
- Cycleability of device exceeds the lifetime of most applications

# AC Supercapacitors

$$C \propto A/d$$

- Small charge separation
- High surface area (1500-2400 m<sup>2</sup>/g)



# ECP Supercapacitors

Many ECPs to choose from:

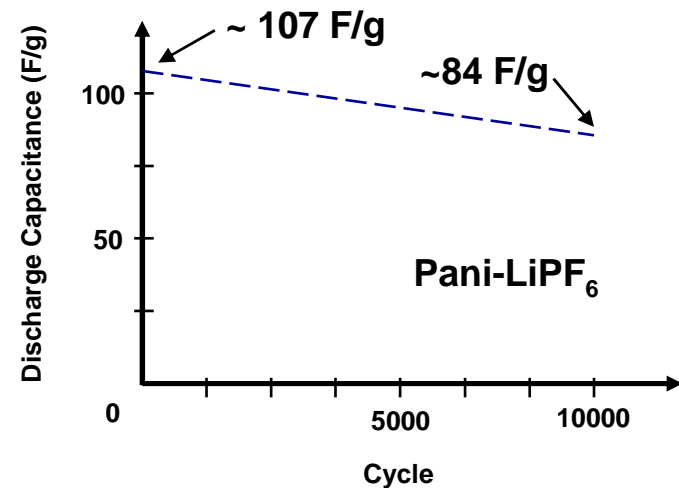
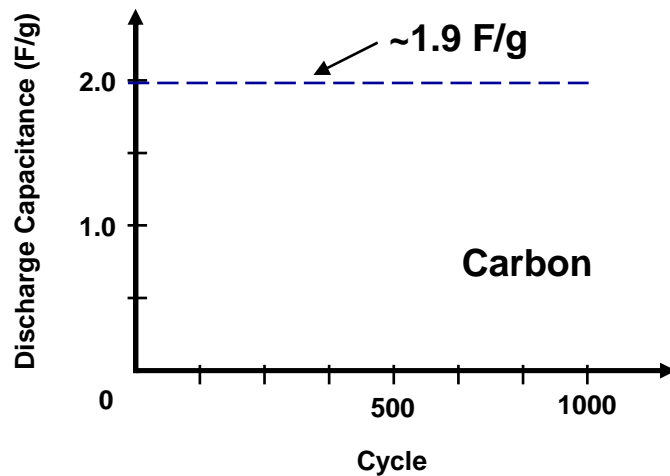
- Polyaniline (Pani)
- poly(3-methylthiophene) (pMeT)
- poly(dithieno[3,4-b:3',4'-d]thiophene) (pDTT1)
- poly(3-p-fluorophenylthiophene) (pFPT)
- etc.

# ECP Supercapacitors: Pani

- Electrode
  - Polyaniline
    - » High environmental stability
    - » Controllable electrical conductivity
    - » Easy to process
  - Pani-LiPF<sub>6</sub>
    - » Pani doped with Li ion salt
- Electrolyte
  - Et<sub>4</sub>NBF<sub>4</sub> in acetonitrile (AN)

# ECP Supercapacitors: Pani

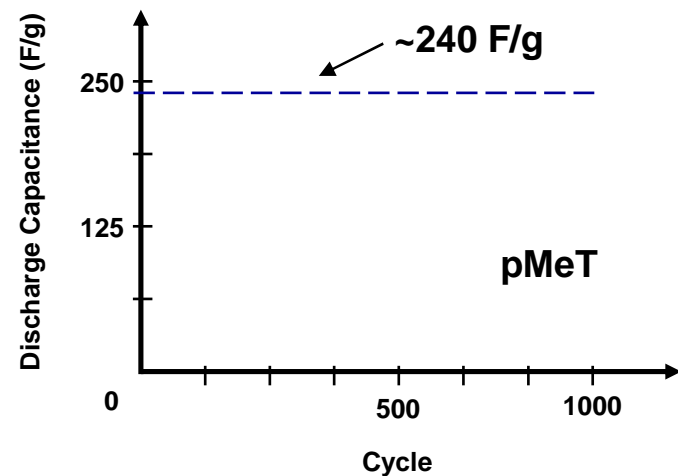
- Cycle-life Comparison:
  - Conductive carbon electrode
  - Pani-LiPF<sub>6</sub> electrode





## ECP Supercapacitors: pMeT

- pMeT on Pt electrode by monomer oxidation
- Composite Electrode
  - Mixture of pMeT, conducting additive (carbon), binder (carboxy methyl cellulose)



## Hybrid Supercapacitors

pMeT (p-electrode)

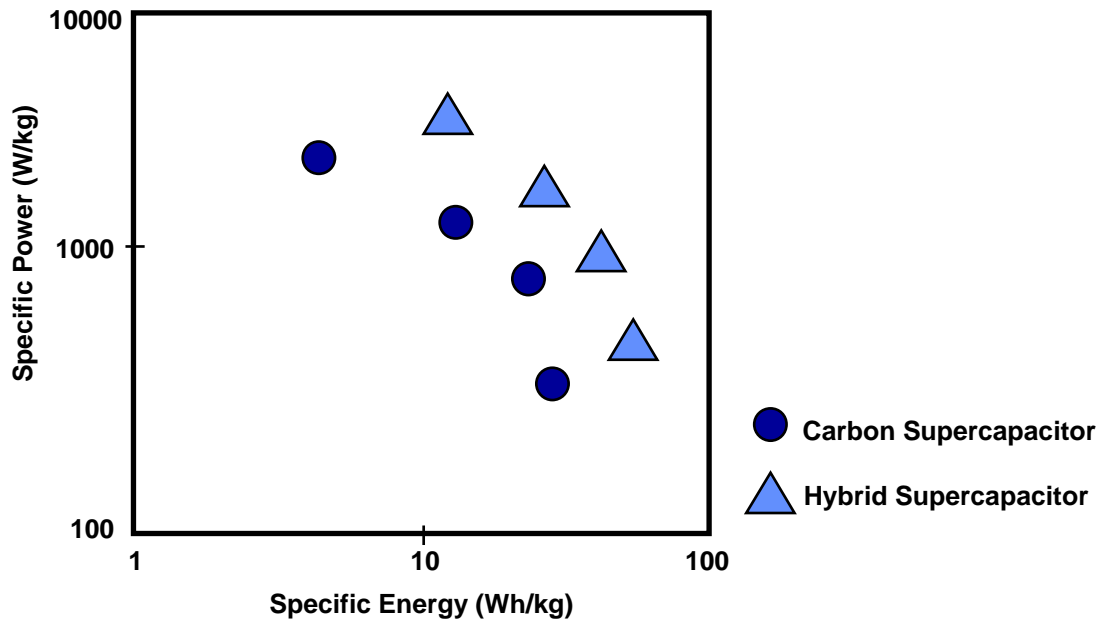
n/p pMeT	p-electrode	n-electrode
Capacitance (F/g)	240	180
Capacity (mAh/g)	70	30
Resistance	low ( $2\Omega\text{cm}^2$ )	very high

Activated Carbon  
(n-electrode )

Material Capacitance	p-electrode	n-electrode
AC1	74 F/g	84 F/g
AC3	125 F/g	158F/g

# Hybrid Supercapacitors

Hybrid device performance is superior to carbon based devices



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# Thank You



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