

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial \psi_p(\vec{x}_i)}{\partial n}}_{\text{Panel Charge Potential}} - \frac{\sigma_i}{4\pi\epsilon_r(1-\epsilon_r)} = - \underbrace{\frac{\partial \psi_A(\vec{x}_i)}{\partial n}}_{\text{Atomic Charge Potential}} \quad \text{known!}$$

Dense!

$$P\vec{\sigma}_p = \vec{\psi}_A$$

Iterate: Guess at  $\vec{\sigma}_p^0$   
 Calculate  $\vec{\psi}_A - P\vec{\sigma}_p^0 = \text{Residual}$   
 $\vec{\sigma}_p^1 = f(\text{Residual})$

Matrix Vector Product  
 N potential derivatives from N charges using Multipole  $O(N)$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{ROW } \vec{x}_1 \rightarrow \\ \vdots \\ \text{jth} \rightarrow \\ \vdots \\ \text{ROW } \vec{x}_N \rightarrow \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \psi_p \\ \int_{\text{Panel } i} \frac{1}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}_g|} d\vec{s}' \\ \vdots \\ \text{DENSE MATRIX (Every element is nonzero)} \\ \vdots \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \sigma_1 \\ \vdots \\ \sigma_i \\ \vdots \\ \sigma_N \end{matrix} = - \begin{matrix} \psi_A \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n_i} \sum \frac{q_i}{\epsilon_{in} |\vec{x}_{en} - \vec{x}_i|} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n_j} \sum \frac{q_i}{\epsilon_{in} |\vec{x}_g - \vec{x}_i|} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n_N} \sum \frac{q_i}{\epsilon_{in} |\vec{x}_{en} - \vec{x}_i|} \end{matrix}$$

Diagonal terms:  
 $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_r} + \frac{\epsilon_{in}}{4\pi\epsilon_r(1-\epsilon_r)}$