

## APPENDIX F

# TABLE OF SAMPLED DESCRIBING FUNCTIONS

$$x(t) = A \sin \left( \frac{1}{n} \omega_s t + \phi \right)$$

$\omega_s$  = sampling frequency

*Note:* The relay with or without hysteresis (two-level switch) can be treated simply by the method of Sec. 9.1. This table gives sampled describing functions for the relay with dead zone and the linear, lead pulse-width modulator.

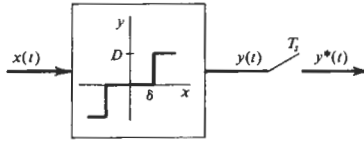


Figure F.1 Sampled describing function for the relay with dead zone nonlinearity (cf. Sec. 9.2).

$N(A, \phi)$  = sampled describing function  
 = amplitude and phase relation between the sinusoid  $x(t)$  and the fundamental harmonic component of  $y^*(t)$

$N^*(A, \phi)$  = z-transform describing function  
 =  $\frac{z \text{ transform of } y^*(t)}{z \text{ transform of } x(t)} \Big|_{z = \exp(j\omega_s T_s/n)}$

$$N^*(A, \phi) = T_s N(A, \phi)$$

This figure, in 7 parts, consists of plots of extreme values of  $-1/N(A, \phi)$  for  $n = 2, 3, \dots, 8$ . Only the unbiased output modes are included as they are the only modes of interest in the case of an unbiased input  $x(t)$  (see Sec. 9.2).

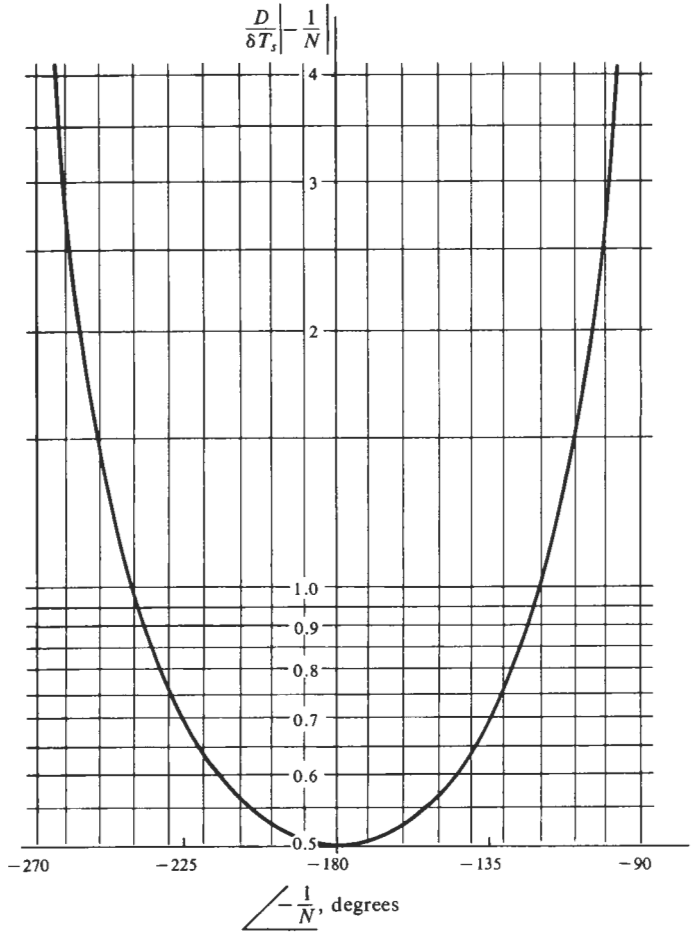


Figure F-1a  $T = 2T_s$

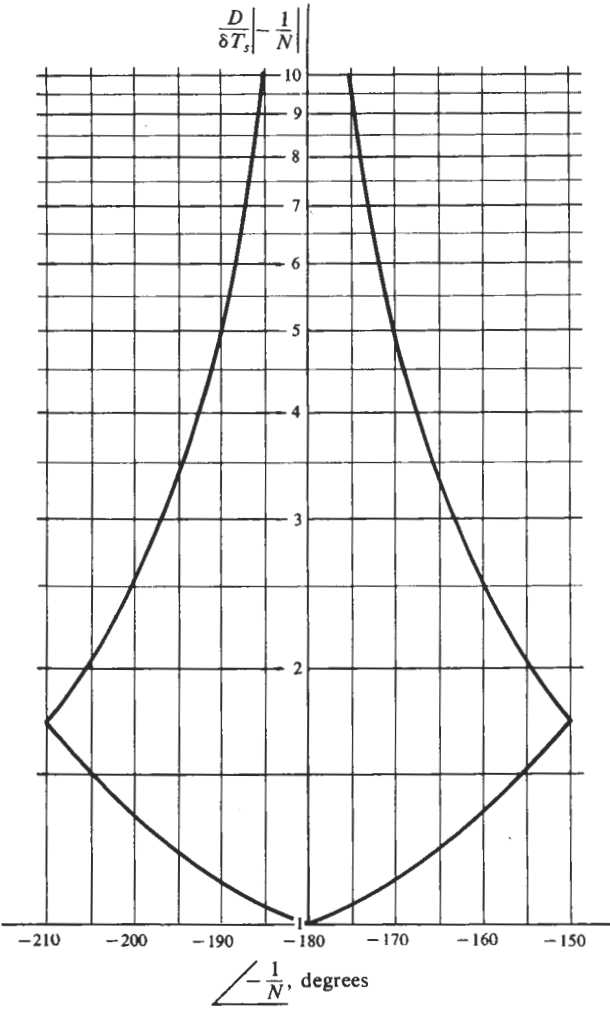


Figure F-1b  $T = 3T_s$

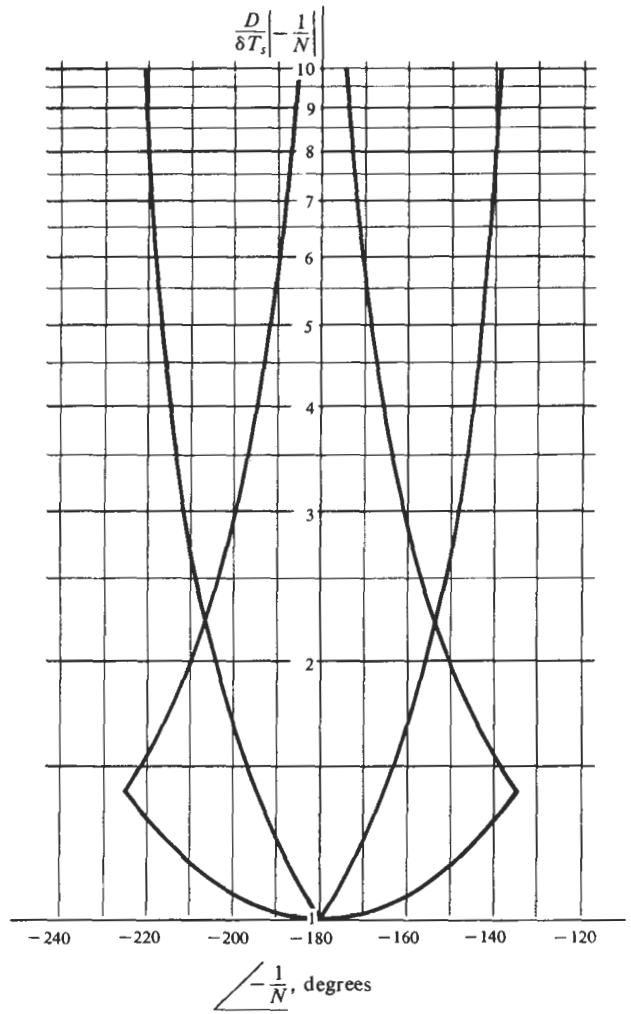


Figure F-1c  $T = 4T_s$

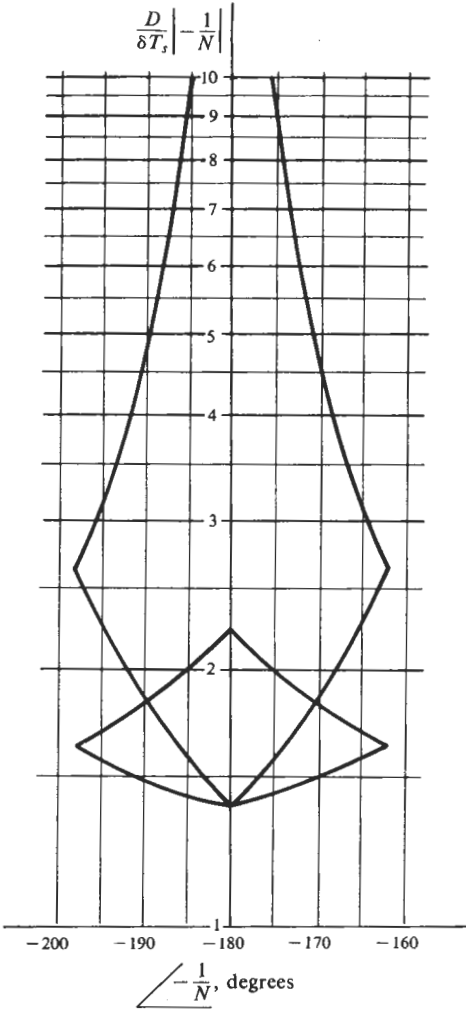


Figure F-1d  $T = 5T_s$

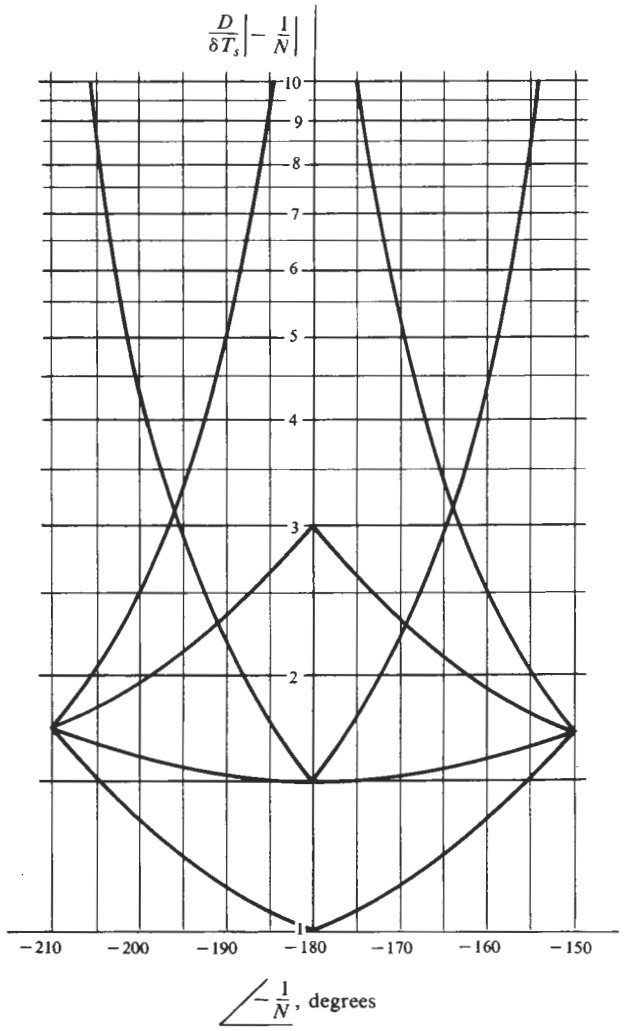


Figure F-1e  $T = 6T_s$

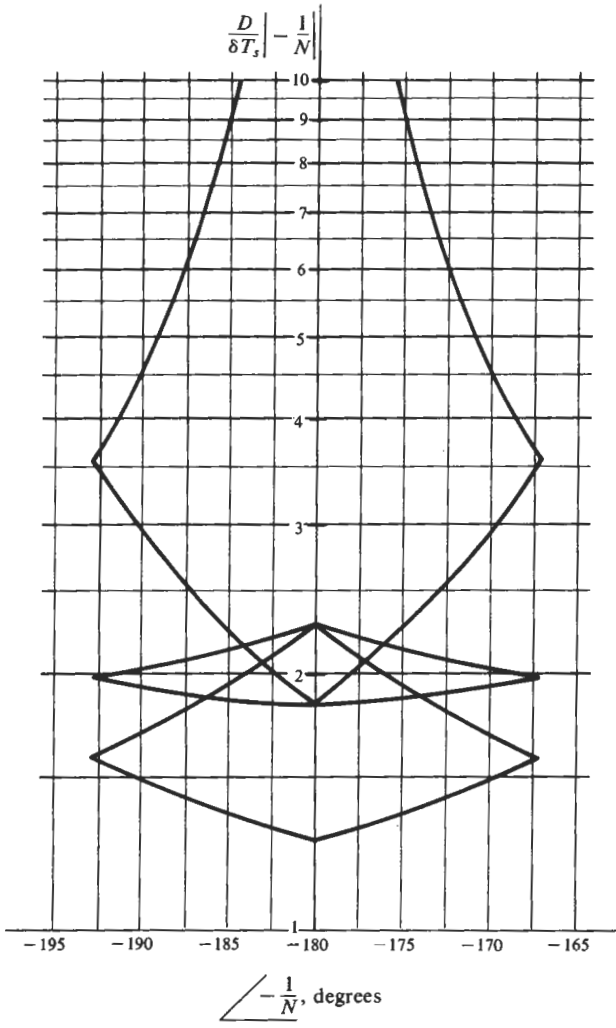


Figure F-1f  $T = 7T_s$



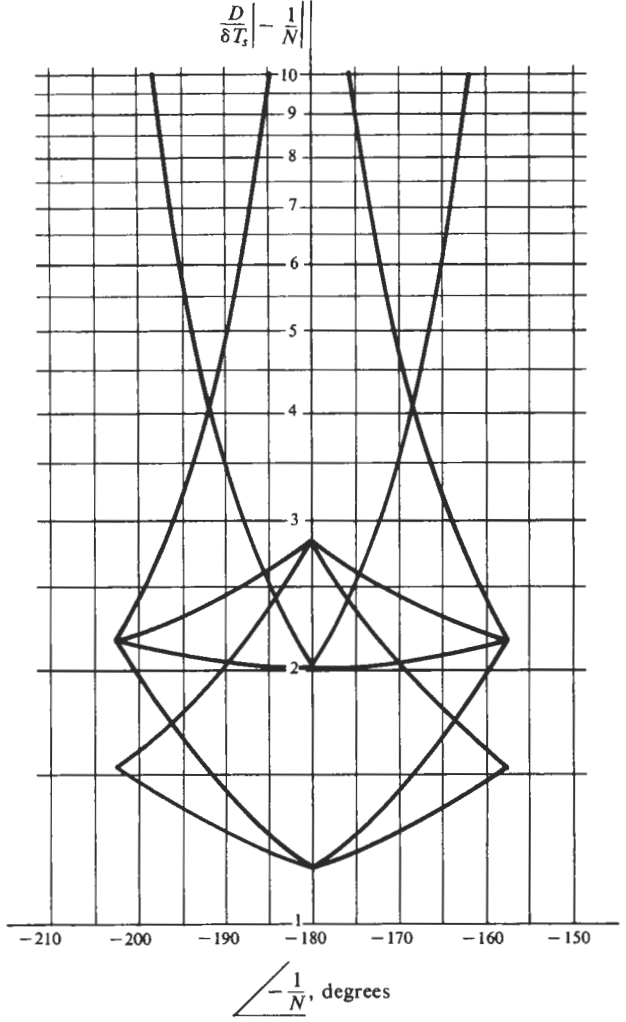


Figure F-1g  $T = 8T_s$

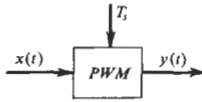


Figure F.2 Describing function for the linear, lead pulse-width modulator (cf. Sec. 9.5).

The operation of the *PWM* is defined by Eqs. (9.5-1,2), and is pictured in Fig. 9.5-1.

The describing function  $N(A, \phi)$  is the usual amplitude and phase relation between the sinusoid  $x(t)$  and the fundamental harmonic component of  $y(t)$ .

This figure, in 4 parts, consists of plots of  $-1/N(A, \phi)$  for  $n = 2, 4, 6, 8$  and a range of values of both  $A$  and  $\phi$ . The solid curves correspond to constant values of  $A$ , and various values of  $\phi$  are indicated. At other locations within the envelope of these curves,  $-1/N(A, \phi)$  exists for other values of  $A$  and  $\phi$  not shown.

The limiting values of these describing functions are

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{A \rightarrow 0} \left( -\frac{Dk}{T_s} \frac{1}{N} \right) &= \frac{1}{2 \sin \phi} \angle \phi - 270^\circ & n = 2 \\ &= 1 \angle -180^\circ & n > 2 \\ \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \left( -\frac{Dk}{T_s} \frac{1}{N} \right) &= \frac{\pi kA}{4 T_s} \angle \phi - 180^\circ & \text{all } n \end{aligned}$$

where in each case  $\phi$  may take any value in the range

$$0 < \phi < \frac{360}{n}$$

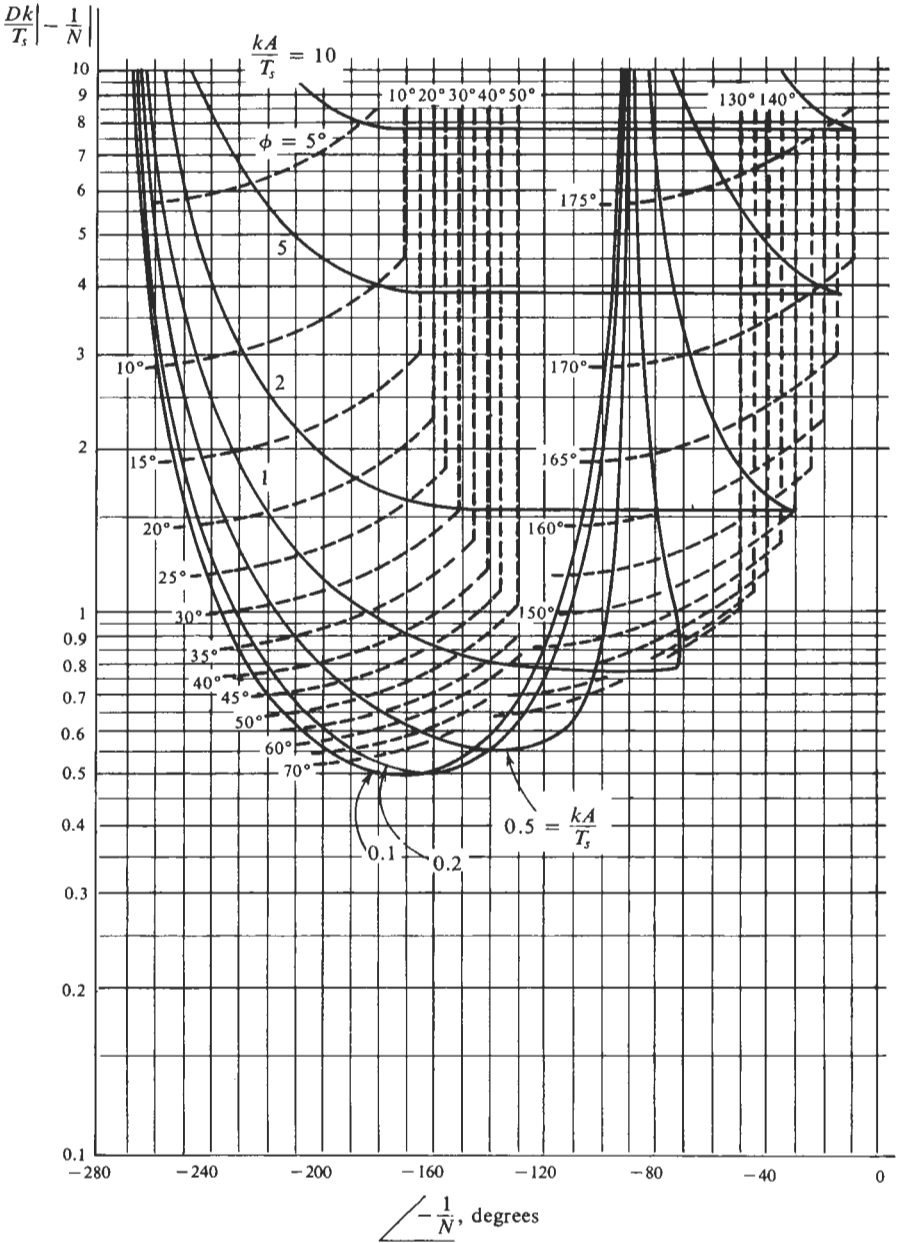


Figure F-2a  $T = 2T_s$

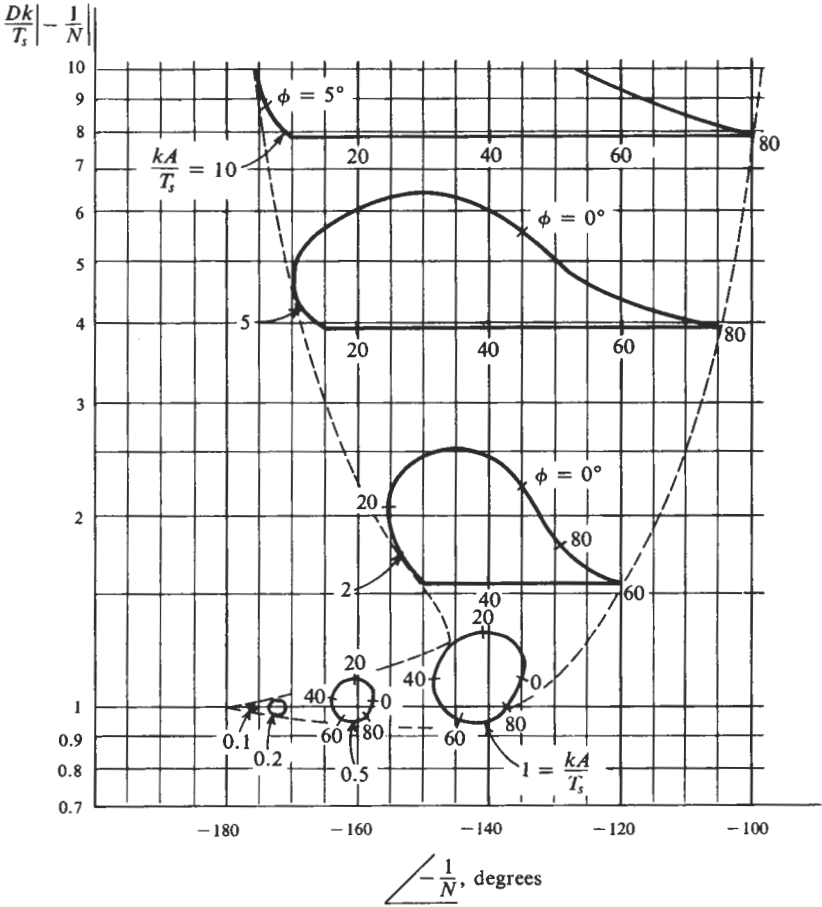


Figure F-2b  $T = 4T_s$

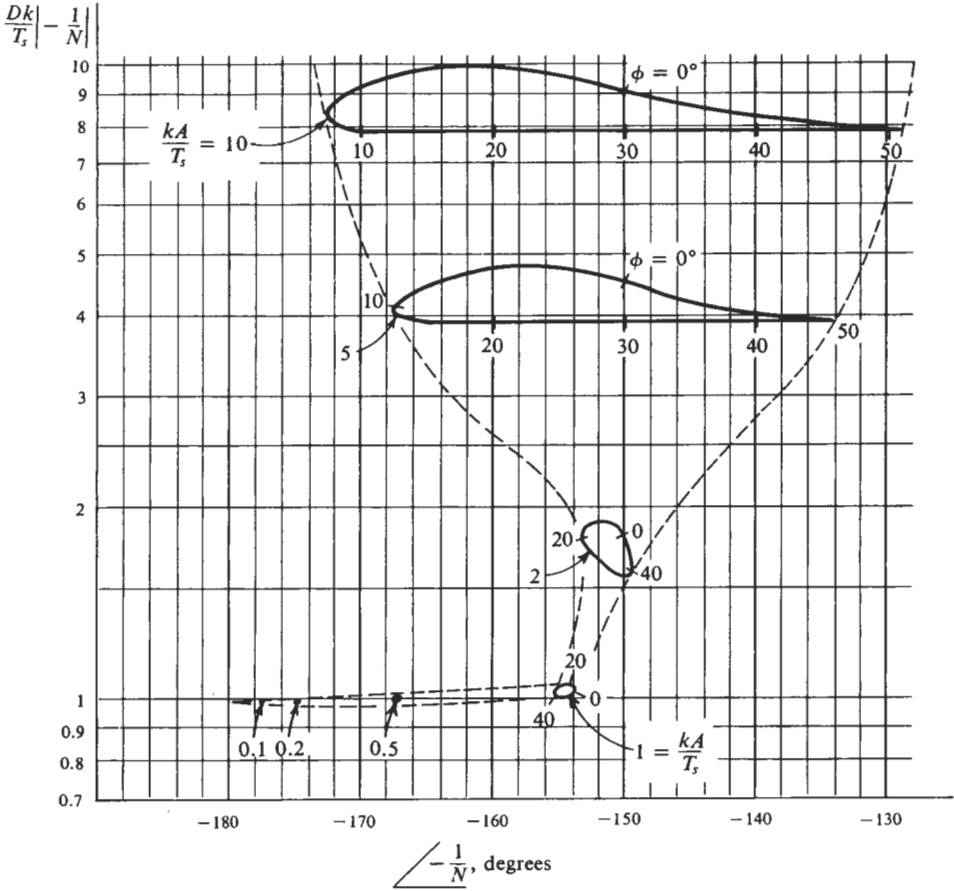


Figure F-2c  $T = 6T_s$

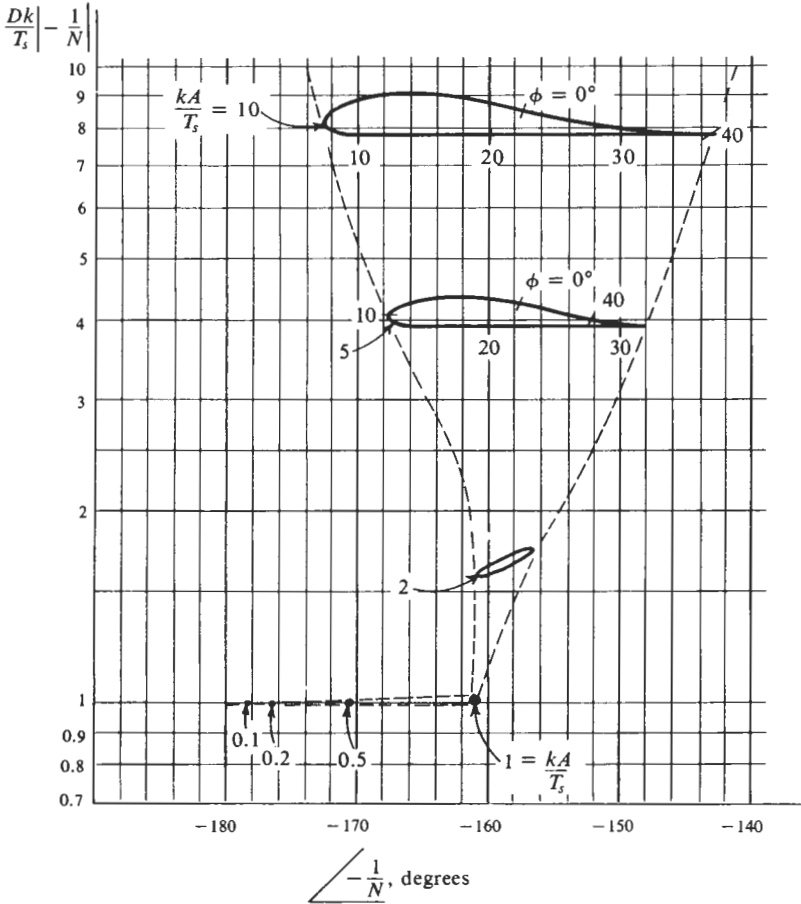


Figure F-2d  $T = 8T_s$